The Grub-ſtreet Journal.

NUMB. 11●

Thursday, *FEBRUARY* 10, 1731.

For Mr. BAVIUS, Secretary to the Grub-ſtreet Society.

Mr. BAVIUS,

THE Gentleman who wrote the letter ſigned PHILARCHÆUS, printed in your Journal, No. 106, miſtook his genius, and deſerved a ſeverer remark than you made upon him. Either he had no friend, on whoſe judgment he might rely, or elſe he was not ſo wiſe as to conſult his friend, before he committed his thoughts to writing. Which ever is the caſe, he might have continued happy in his own opinion of his parts and learning, if he had not expoſed himſelf to cenſure and ridicule, through too ſtrong an inclination to appear in print. But however, he ſhould not have pretended to criticiſm, before he knew how to expreſs his own thoughts naturally: and he ſhould have remembered what he was doing when he talked of *impoſition upon the public*. To give another man's criticiſm for his own, to uſe his own words, is *villainy and impoſition*. Indeed I don't wonder at his expreſſing himſelf after ſo odd a manner; for he ſeems to be but little acquainted with the force and meaning of words. For if he had had a true knowledge of his ſubject, or even any tolerable notion of language, or of accuracy of ſtile, he would have been more careful in the choice of his epithets. Your Society's undertaking ought to be encouraged, becauſe it is really juſt and good; and as the Gentlemen concerned execute their deſign with ſo much prudence and temper, it will certainly be of great ſervice to the Public. To attempt the reformation of our taſte is truly laudable and any one ſpeaking of *that* attempt, is juſtifiable, if he calls it a bold or daring undertaking; for ſo it is, conſidering the difficulty that muſt neceſſarily attend the execution of it: but if he calls it a *moſt audacious* one, what he meant a praiſe, proves a ſevere reflection. For if words have any meaning, *audacious* conveys a very bad idea: I am ſo poſitive of it, that I challenge PHILARCHÆUS to produce ſo much as one good authority where the word *audacious* is uſed in a good ſenſe.

[2] VIRGIL, OVID, HOMER, HORACE, were great men: PHILARCHÆUS ſhould read their works a little more, before he preſumes to give his opinion of them. What he ſays in this letter is perfect common-place; but his cenſures and his praiſes are equally proper, neither of them ought to be regarded.

I am not at all ſurprized at the great character which he gives to BENTLEY, A good index, well read over, makes both of them critics and authors; but neither of them underſtands HORACE, however it came into their heads to think they did. PHILARCHÆUS is as yet but a young man, and ſo may poſſibly be reclaimed; but as for the *Great* BENTLEY, it is in vain to endeavour to work any good upon him. He is *hackney'd in the ways of criticiſm*. The attempt muſt be unſucceſsful, as unſucceſsful

——— ut ſi quis aſellum
In campo doceat parentem currere frænis.

Nothing can make him aſhamed, who has murdered HORACE, and laid violent hands on MILTON.

I have no old ſcholiaſt upon HORACE before me; and I believe, honeſt Mr. BAXTER, or ſome other modern Commentator was the only *ſcholiaſt* which PHILARCHÆUS *happened to look into*, notwithſtanding what he ſays of his *reading this moſt beautiful Epiſtle at his friend's houſe in the country*. The laying a formal ſcene of action is only the ſolemn affectation of a [3] vain methodical Coxcomb. But he is a young man; when he comes to have more judgment, he will laugh at theſe ſilly airs. Tho' he is perfectly in raptures *with the fineſt lines, the fineſt complement that ever was made by any mortal*; yet I believe, he muſt look again into his *old ſcholiaſt* for the meaning of the whole paſſage.

I own, Mr. BAVIUS, I can ſee no obſcurity in theſe verſes,

Falſus honor juvat & mendax infamia terret
Quem? niſi mendoſum & mendacem. ——

The thought is juſt, and very properly expreſt. If PHILARCHÆUS knew the meaning of *mendacem*, he would not ſay it *makes downright nonſenſe*; he would have ſpared his furious criticiſm on the common reading, and his great encomium upon BENTLEY. *Mendacem* is *non bonum*, and what HORACE afterwards calls

Introrſum turpem, ſpecioſum pelle decorâ.

Medicandum would be rightly interpreted *non ſanum, egentem medicamine* or *hellebora*, if you pleaſe; but that very interpretation is a demonſtration, that *medicandum* is improper in the place before us. If it is to be allowed, which I think it is not, yet the common reading is much better.

There is then no reaſon for diſcarding *mendacem*; and there is no more for the alteration of *crines* into *cultus*. There is, indeed, an advantage in the original, which muſt be wanting in a tranſlation into Engliſh, becauſe we have but one word to expreſs *cæſariem* and *crines*. But if you put *cultus* inſtead of *crines*, the ideas are changed, and the change is for the worſe. *Why do you value yourſelf upon having ſo fine an head of hair? that fine head of hair will be laid in the duſt.* That is the ſenſe of the paſſage: I am ſenſible, that this tranſlation is not a literal one, and I know very well that *collines* ſignifies anointed, or daubed. Put *cultus* inſtead of *crines*, and what a pretty figure it makes then! *Why do you value yourſelf upon having ſo fine an head of hair? your fine clothes will be* [4] *daubed in the duſt.* HORACE could never uſe *cultus* in Lib. I. Od. xv. 20. and his ſubject obliged him to uſe *cultus*, or ſome word implying the ſame ſenſe in Lib. IV. Od. xv. 13. The verſe in PLAUTUS is nothing to the purpoſe; but I commend PHILARCHÆUS for introducing it with [5] a vile ſcrap of French. I believe he would be puzzled to give a reaſon for his *Pour la bonne bouche*; but I fancy I can give one, for it is pity a letter which bears the leaſt relation to criticiſm, ſhould go without a conjecture. It was for the ſame reaſon, that the Duke of BUCKINGHAM made his two Kings of Brentford talk French, *to ſhew their breeding*.

I have done with PHILARCHÆUS: but I muſt beg of you, Mr. BAVIUS, to tell him, and all other ſecond-hand critics and judges, [6] that there is no reaſon to alter any paſſage in an Author, becauſe an expreſſion of a like nature occurs in another part of his works; and that there is leſs reaſon to make an alteration, becauſe an expreſſion nearly the ſame occurs in another Author. For ſuppoſing PLAUTUS had ſaid, *cultum collinunt*, is that any reaſon why HORACE ſhould ſay ſo too?

The citing a great many paſſages in *Virgil*, *Lucan*, *Statius*, *Silius Italicus*, *Ovid*, *Propertius* —— to prove the propriety of a paſſage in *Horace* ſhews much reading; and fools, who are delighted with appearances, will call it learning: but in reality it ſignifies juſt nothing. [7] Indeed when a ſentence is obſcure, and no good ſenſe can be drawn from the words as they ſtand, then recourſe muſt be had to an expreſſion of the ſame nature in another part of the work, or even to another author, in order to bring in a word which may throw a proper light upon the place. But how ſeldom is that the caſe! Bentleian Editors take up their murderous pens, and ſet to work with a full purpoſe and reſolution of making alterations; and every Author is ſure to ſuffer from them. What has poor HORACE ſuffer'd! [8] How has he been diſmembered, mangled, cut, caſtrated! And what will become of him, now he is fallen under the hands of the Doctor of Gainsborough! I am, dear Mr. BAVIUS,

Your moſt humble ſervant,

31 *January* 1731 HORATIANUS.

8. This Gentleman had ſaid above, that BENTLEY had *murdered* HORACE: and therefore it is thought, that this paſſage would run better thus, *How has he been cut, caſtrated, diſmembered, mangled, murdered!* — Whether he has been uſed in this barbarous manner, or not, let HORATIANUS and PHILARCHÆUS diſpute: whoſe arguments ſhall be preſented to the Public in this Paper with the greateſt impartiality.

Some account of the ſtate of Priſons ſince the late Act, entituled, *An Act for the relief of Debtors, with reſpect to the impriſonment of their perſons*; humbly offered to the conſideration of the Legiſlature.

THE late Act for the *relief of Debtors*, &c. was doubtleſs intended, by the wiſdom and goodneſs of Parliament, to anſwer its *title*; but ſuch have been the abuſes thereof, by the tools of law, and ſiniſter practices of artful and deſigning men, that few have been relieved thereby; for they who are entituled thereto, may receive no benefit from it 'till two or three Terms after they are charged in *execution*, which is often the caſe, by their extreme poverty and incapacity to compel their Creditors to comply therewith, who, tho' they have no mind to releaſe their Debtors, drill on the time, under pretence of not being ſatisfied with the Schedule; by the dilatorineſs of their own Attornies, few being ready to aſſiſt an helpleſs man, when his misfortunes have baniſhed his friends; and by the odious proceedings of the Law in our Courts of Juſtice: ſo that the unhappy relinquiſhed priſoner may periſh with want, or drag on a miſerable life above twelve months before his Creditor is obliged, by law, to allow him any ſupport: and even then, if the Creditor neglects to pay him his weekly allowance, tho' ſeveral weeks together, and the priſoner thereby, according to the expreſs tenour of the Act, be intituled to a diſcharge, yet fruitleſs are all his applications, many times, to juſtice; the only relief he finds, is an order for his Creditor to pay him his due from the firſt time of omiſſion; but, alas! how ſeldom is it in the power of the miſerable, deſtitute of friends, to obtain this ſmall ſatisfaction, when perhaps he is not even able to get ſubſiſtance to reſcue him from the moſt cruel death?

Beſides, if after all, the firſt proſecuting Creditor does releaſe him upon the receipt of his *all*, yet is he ſtill liable to be charged in execution by others, who may ſeverally defer the allowance two or three Terms afterwards, and alternately lengthen the duration of his trouble, which too many, alas! are maliciouſly prone to do, when being already ſtripped by the firſt, he has nothing left to mitigate their fury, none of them all the while allowing him any manner of ſupport; ſo that the unhappy Debtor, if he has but five Creditors, be each debt ever ſo ſmall, may ſerve an apprenticeſhip of ſeven years to a miſerable confinement, before he can poſſibly be diſcharged, and in ſuch a deplorable a condition as is only to be *felt*; but if he has many more Creditors, he muſt inevitably linger out his days, without any relief from them, in priſon. And further, if his debt to one be ever ſo little above the limitation of the Act, that perſon only ſhall hold him in execution; by which means he is entirely deprived of all manner of relief, and hopes of releaſement. How many alſo are there, who, tho' their Creditors, to ſave paying the allowance, decline ſuing them to execution, yet breathe out their laſt in confinement, for want of ſo ſmall a matter as might ſuperſede their reſpective actions? This is a puniſhment more ſevere than is inflicted by our laws on thieves and murtherers: for death to the poor confined debtor, is not leſs certain than to the felon, but more dreadful, as he periſhes by the lingering and tormenting rack of hunger. Thus is the honeſt trader, and unfortunate Gentleman, only for being liable to the viciſſitudes of human affairs, from which no man living is exempt, condemned to be entombed alive, cut off from the common Society, and given up to want, and complicated miſery, if he eſcapes with life. Thus alſo are the charitable views of the Repreſentatives of the *Britiſh* nation, to all intents and purpoſes, evaded, who, it cannot be imagined, ever meant that *Chriſtian* Act ſhould be made in vain.

Moreover, as the ſum is limited to 100l. many excluſive of the Act, who have lived, perhaps, in a higher

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The deſire of the Gentleman who wrote this Letter, That *no alterations ſhould be made, except in the ſpelling*, has been exactly complied with: however, it may not be amiſs to ſubjoin a few ſhort notes.

1. It is ſuppoſed, that *is* was by a miſtake put here inſtead of *was*.

2. If theſe Authors, and thoſe mentioned below, had been placed according to their ſeniority, they would not have made a worſe appearance.

3. This appellation ſeems too ſevere.

4. *Daubed with dirt* ſeems to be more proper, than *daubed in the duſt*.

5. This is unjuſtly called *a vile ſcrap of French*, becauſe it is really very expreſſive, and no expreſſion in Engliſh anſwers it exactly. To keep a thing *pour la boune bouche*, is to keep the beſt for the laſt; as is done in entertainments, where the *Deſſert* conſiſts of the moſt exquiſite fruits, &c. to leave an agreeable reliſh in the mouths of the Gueſts. And for this *reaſon*, PHILARCHÆUS concludes with *a very honeſt verſe of* PLAUTUS.

6. Theſe are both excellent negative Rules in Criticiſm.

7. This is an excellent poſitive Rule.

age, and are in a capacity of being more ſerviceable to their Country, are hereby rendered uſeleſs Members of the Commonwealth: nor is any manner of proviſion made for them. If ſuch a perſon be a reduced Gentleman, his condition is infinitely worſe than that of the meaneſt Mechanic, provided he be moneyleſs, and without friends; who ſoon grow cold, when long confinement, and all hopes of releaſement baniſhed, render the priſoner burthenſome. How many ſuch there are, whoſe wives and numerous pledges of their loves, daily cry to their *more diſtreſſed* parents for bread, there needs a viſit only to theſe ſad abodes for evident demonſtration. Such deplorable ſpectacles of human woe, one would think, muſt ſurely move a heart of ſtone. No tongue can tell the miſeries they bear, which would ſhrink the ſoul of a Chriſtian to ſee, and of which the *Great* cannot frame the leaſt idea: yet notwithſtanding their importunate prayers to their Creditors for liberty, upon the delivery of all their poſſeſſions, no regard or pity hath been had thereto.

But how unreaſonable a revenge is this, (however imprudent the Debtor may have been) how contrary to *Chriſtianity*, and the practice of all other nations; eſpecially if the Debtor be ready and willing to ſurrender up his *all*, under ſuch penalties as the wiſdom of Parliament ſhall think fit, is needleſs to repreſent to that *wiſe, honourable Aſſembly*, to whom this true ſtate of the affair is moſt humbly offered, in hopes of recommending them as real objects of parliamentary compaſſion.

The following Prologue and Epilogue were ſpoken at the acting of the *Orphan*, by ſome Scholars at a private School, about three years ago; and a few copies of them printed upon a ſheet by themſelves. We think them ſo good, that they ought to be made more public, and preſerved to poſterity in the *Memoirs* of our Society.

PROLOGUE *ſpoken by a young Nobleman, who acted* Polydor.

Wond'rous the Bard, whoſe happy tragic vein
Draws *joy* from *tears*, and *pleaſes* us with *pain!*
In this the tender OTWAY's Muſe was chief:
He *grieves* us, yet we *thank* him for our grief.
But never does the triumph of his art
So touch the paſſions, and command the heart;
As when we here ſee the ſoft, gentle *Fair*,
Young, innocent, deluded, in deſpair;
See with ſuch rage the *Rival Brothers* burn,
And with ſo ſweet a grace the lovely ORPHAN mourn.

Thus OTWAY wrote: but how ſhall *our* green age,
Ill ſuited to the labours of the Stage,
To ſuch a celebrated Piece be true,
And give the *elegant diſtreſs* it's due?
The raſh CHAMONT, we fear, you'll ſee ſcarce brave;
And mad CASTALIO *impotently* rave;
Fierce POLYDOR too *feebly* dare his foe;
And poor MONIMIA *robb'd* of half her *woe*.
If then you view this Action with neglect,
And with dry eyes; ours is the ſole defect:
Could *we* be juſt, *you'd* be ſo to this Scene;
And *weep* like *children*, could we *act* like *men*.

EPILOGUE *ſpoken by a young Gentleman, who acted* Caſtalio.

My *birthright*'s privilege is ſure but ſmall:
This *younger Brother*'s part is all in all.
He *trick'd* me in the Play: and now that's over,
In which I was a *Lord*, as well as *Lover*;
I *un-Caſtalio'd*, he *un-Polydor'd*,
I'm but plain *Joe*; he ſtill, forſooth, *My Lord*.
There's ſomething too, as we theſe matters rate,
In a third *circumſtance*; and that's —— *eſtate*.
For *his*; 'tis viſible, and well inroll'd:
But where *mine* lies — I never yet was told.
Well; be it — What is it that I would ſay?
Something to *cheer* you, after this *ſad* Play.
Fain would I make you merry —— but I can't:
For WIT runs low — what then? no WIT we want,
To raiſe a *laugh* —— where's *Harlequin, Scaramouch, Jonathan Wild, Jack Shepherd*, and *Cartouch*?
What? *Farce* with *Tragedy*? — Yes: 'tis the faſhion —
No *Stage-Coach? Windmill-Dance?* — nor *Coronation?*
Where's Doctor *Fauſtus*, and the *flying letters?*
Alas! theſe *nobler ſports* are for our BETTERS:
For MEN, not CHILDREN —— We make no pretence
To ſuch *politeneſs*, and ſo great *expence*;
Forc'd to *take up* with POETRY —— and SENSE.

BAVIUS.

DOMESTIC NEWS.

C. *Courant.* | E P. *Evening Poſt.*
P. *Poſt-Boy.* | S J. *S. James's Evening Poſt.*
D P. *Daily Poſt.* | W E. *Whitehall Evening P.*
D J. *Daily Journal.* | L E. *London Evening Poſt.*

THURSDAY, *Feb.* 3.

His Majeſty has made a preſent to the R. Hon. Sir Rob. Walpole of the houſe lately inhabited by Count Bothmar, near the Treaſury Office, Whitehall. *P.* —— He has been pleaſed to appoint James Proſſer, Gent. to be one of the Surveyors of the Office of Ordnance at Woolwich, in the room of Wm. Sumpter, Gent. promoted to a Lieutenancy in the Royal Regiment of Artillery. *C.* — James Herring is made an Enſign in the Foot-Guards. *D J.*

Yeſterday at a general Court of the South Sea Company, Sir John Eyles, the Sub-Governor acquainted them, that their Directors had examined the Accounts, and found they were exactly right, and directed him to declare they were unanimous. *C. P.* Their payments ſince 1721, to Dec. 1731, amounted to 2,088,000 l. and their receipts to 2,198,751 l. value of their ſhips and ſloops at home 11,900 l. Their profit in trade, about 110,000 l. and the debts due to the Company more than in 1721. —— Mr. Heathcote ſaid, that he would have had the Court of Directors examined into their advices from abroad, to ſee the entries in their books were right; but they declining that method, he proteſted againſt their proceedings, and acquainted them, that he would diſqualify himſelf; moving that a Committee might be appointed to examine the Accounts. *D J.* —— Mr Heathcote declared, he had deſired to ſee the ſtate of the Accounts, and was refuſed. Mr. Stroud, in anſwer, denied that he was refuſed, and inſiſted, that Mr. Heathcote requiring vouchers for every particular, was anſwered, That they being foreign correſpondences, if at all poſſible, would take up ſeveral months to examine into, and that he was at liberty to make thoſe examinations. *D P.* —— Sir John Lade took notice, that tho' theſe accounts were ſaid to be very exact, yet there muſt be ſome doubt concerning them, by the difference between the price of the Stock and the Annuities; and was of opinion there ſhould be a Committee of Inquiry. —— An Account of the extraordinary receipts and payments was read: the former amounted to 7,381,848 l. 6 s. 1 d. and above 1,300,000 l. thereof had been made uſe of to pay the Dividends, over and above what they received from the Government. *D J.* — Sir John Eyles acquainted them, that the Bonds were under two millions; and that they had Bonds to the amount of 600,000 l. in their cheſt ever ſince 1721. — It was deſired for the ſatisfaction of the Proprietors, that the ſtate of their affairs might be more frequently laid before the General Courts, and then agreed to adjourn to ſome time in March, in order to have the ſtate of the Bonds, &c. laid before them. *D P.* —— Sir John Eyles was for putting off the Queſtion for a particular adjournment, becauſe by their Charter, an half-yearly Court was to be held in March. *D J.*

Yeſterday at a meeting of the R. Hon. the Governors of the Charter-houſe, the Rev. Mr. Hotchkis, the Uſher, was unanimouſly choſen School-maſter, and the Rev. Mr. Preſcot, Fellow of Catharine-Hall in Cambridge, was appointed Uſher. *D P. E P. S J. W E.* The Rev. Mr. Hotchkis, ſecond Maſter, was choſen to be Head Maſter, and the Rev. Mr. Smythies of Colcheſter, to be ſecond Maſter. *P.* — The Rev. Mr. Preſcot was appointed ſecond Maſter. *W E.*

Mr. Darby, Keeper of the Marſhalſea priſon, has lett the ſaid Gaol to Mr. Taylor, an Undertaker in the Borough. *D J.* —— An Undertaker *is a very proper perſon for a* Goaler *in a* Chriſtian Country, *where the conſequence of being* dead in Law, *is to be* buried alive.

On tueſday the Rev. Dr. Bentley and Dr. Craiſter appeared at Ely-Houſe before the Viſitor, the Bp. of Ely (his Lordſhip not allowing them to appear by proxy) &c. *D P.* —— We are well aſſured the ſame is entirely falſe, he having liberty granted to appear by proxy. *W E.*

Edw. Popham, Eſq; only ſon and heir to Francis Popham of the County of Wilts, Eſq; was married ſome time ſince to Mrs. Huddon, a young Lady of great beauty, merit, and fortune. *D P.*

FRIDAY, *Feb.* 4.

On tueſday laſt his Majeſty was pleaſed to appoint John Lumley, Eſq; Brother to the R. Hon. the E. of Scarborough, to be Colonel of a Company of Grenadiers in his Majeſty's Coldſtream regiment of Foot-guards in the room of the E. of Albemarle. *P.* — Laſt week was held a General Council, in which his Majeſty was graciouſly pleaſed to give his royal ſanction to a Charter for incorporating Truſtees for the relief of the poor, by ſettling a new Colony in the uncultivated parts of Carolina, which is to be called *Georgia*. *D P.*

Yeſterday there was a board of Treaſury, when their Lordſhips were pleaſed to appoint Mr. Wright, a Domeſtick of the R. Hon. Sir Rob. Walpole, to be one of the Meſſengers of the Treaſury, in the room of Mr. Joſ. Richardſon, deceaſed. *P.* Footman to Sir Rob. Walpole. *D J.* — *A* Footman *is well qualified to be a* Meſſenger.

Cha. Clarke, Eſq; is choſen Recorder of Huntingdon, and likewiſe of Godmancheſter. *D P.* He is appointed Chief Juſtice of the Iſle of Ely, in the room of Mr. Serjeant Raby, deceaſed. *D J.*

By letters from Cambridge we learn, that the Univerſity intend to deprive of his preferments there (which are very conſiderable) an eminent Doctor of Divinity of that Univerſity (well known to the learned world) for being the Author of 2 Pamphlets againſt Dr. Waterland, and denying the authority of Moſes and the Prophets: unleſs he will make an affidavit of his not writing the ſame, his late advertiſements of recantation not ſatisfying that learned and orthodox body. *D P.*

Yeſterday the Petition againſt the *Charitable Corporation* (a deſign calculated for the rich to prey on the neceſſitous) was brought into the Houſe of Commons, when ſeveral excellent ſpeeches were made againſt that *Charible undertaking*, which was very juſtly expoſed; and it was ordered to be referred to a Committee of 21, and to be ballotted for on tueſday next, which has put the Directors and Aſſiſtants into a terrible fright, ſince their Actions will now be expoſed to the Publick, and not huſhed up. *D P.*

SATURDAY, *Feb.* 5.

On monday Iſaac Leheup, Eſq, was choſen Member of Parliament for Grampound in Cornwall. —— By private letters from Edinburgh we hear, that the E. of Crawford was choſen by a great majority, to ſit in the Parliament of Great Britain. *C.*

Yeſterday the Proprietors of the Charitable Corporation delivered their Caſe to the Members of the Houſe of Commons, whereby they lay the entire blame on the Gentlemen in the direction, viz. 7 Committee Men and 11 Aſſiſtants; and that the Proprietors were wholly kept in ignorance; and in October laſt were made to believe, that their Capital was 518,370 l. 14 s. 6 d. upon which it was declared, that they were able to divide 10,614 l. 10 s. 6 d. being but part of their profits, and that this was only calculated to keep up the ſpirit of the Proprietors; for upon the ſtricteſt enquiry there has not been found in pledges or effects, in both houſes and out-warehouſes, above the ſum of 50,000 l. ſo that conſidering the various advanced prices paid by the Proprietors, together with the loſs that will ariſe to thoſe poſſeſſed of notes and bonds, the whole loſs will amount to much more than half a million of money. —— So theſe unhappy Proprietors are deſtitute of all manner of relief, but from the juſtice and compaſſion of Parliament, who, it is not doubted, will call the offenders to juſtice. — The puniſhments inflicted upon the famous South Sea Directors in the ever memorable year 1720, is freſh in every one's memory; but their crimes are but ſmall, when compared with theſe *charitable Gentlemen*, who ſtripped the poor quite naked. — 'Tis ſaid, that four of the principal Managers *have gone out of Town for the recovery of their healths*, within a week paſt. *D P.*

We hear that Miſs Edwards of Kenſington, the rich heireſs, is coming out with one of the fineſt equipages that has been ſeen. *D P.* —— *Moſt of my Brethren were concerned in marrying this* Lady *to a* Lord, *three months ago.*

Yeſterday great quantities of ſilver were carried from the Eaſt-India Houſe in Leadenhall-ſtreet, in carts, and put on board lighters, in order to be convey'd to their ſhips now lying in the river, and which are ſhortly to proceed on their reſpective voyages to the Eaſt-Indies. *S J.*

This morning died at his houſe near Cavendiſh-ſquare, his Excellency Walter Chetwynd, Eſq; Governor of Barbadoes, and Member in ſeveral Parliaments for the City of Litchfield. *L E.*

Laſt week *chriſtned*, Males 201; Females 206. In all 407. *Buried*, Males 225; Females 262. In all 487. Decreaſed in the burials this week 87. *P.*

MONDAY, *Feb.* 7.

Yeſterday the Rev. Dr. Croxall preached before their Majeſties, his Royal Highneſs the Prince of Wales, &c. and the Rev. Dr. Hargrove before his Royal Highneſs the Duke, &c. *C.* —— We hear that —— Killigrew, Eſq; is appointed one of the Pages of Honour to her Majeſty. *P.*

On ſaturday it was argued in the Court of King's Bench, whether Dr. Bentley ſhould have a Prohibition granted him againſt the Biſhop of Ely, as Viſitor in the affair of Porter Thompſon of Trumpington, Eſq; and after a long debate, the Court agreed to enlarge the Rule of Court. *C.*

Yeſterday at noon died, at her houſe in Pall-Mall, in the 85th year of her age, her Grace the Dutcheſs of Buccleugh, commonly called Dutcheſs of Monmouth: ſhe was Conſort to the late Duke of Monmouth, who was beheaded in the reign of K. James II. By her death an eſtate of 15,000 l. per ann. and the title of Duke of Buccleugh, deſcend to the E. of Dalkeith, her Grandſon. *D J.* About 90. *D P.* Her Grace married in 1688, to her ſecond huſband, Charles Lord Cornwallis, and had iſſue a ſon and two daughters. *D P.* Her loſs will be almoſt inſupportable. *C.* —— *A great many ſuch* almoſt inſupportable loſſes *have been borne with Chriſtian patience.*

TUESDAY, *Feb.* 8.

On ſunday the Lady of the R. Hon. the Lord Baltimore was brought to bed of a ſon. *C.*

The Rev. Dr. Le Mothe, Chaplain to his Grace the Duke of Montagu, and to the firſt Troop of Horſe guards, and Author of the late celebrated Treatiſe concerning Poetry and Painting, is appointed Suffragan Biſhop of Sodor and Man, &c. *D J.*

Cambridge, Feb 5. This day was delivered to the Vice-Chancellor *a Grace* to deprive Dr. Middleton of the Head Librarian's place, which the Vice-Chancellor propoſed in Congregation to the CAPUT, in which it was ſtopt by Dr. *Adams*, Maſter of Sidney College, and Dr. Smith, Profeſſor of Aſtronomy; by this means the *Grace* did not deſcend to the Body, where there was a good diſpoſition to ſupport it. The CAPUT conſiſts of SIX, *whoſe concurrence is neceſſary to every Grace, before it can be read to the Houſe, each having a negative vote.* —— On the monday preceding, the ſaid Dr. Middleton was admitted Lecturer for Dr. Woodward, upon the nomination of his Truſtees, which the Univerſity is *obliged* to accept. *D P.* —— Mr. Conundrum *thinks this* Depriving Grace *ought rather to be called a* Dis-Grace; *and that the* admiſſion *of the* Dr. *as* Lecturer *was no* act of Grace.

Yeſterday came on a Tryal at Bar in the Court of Common-Pleas at Weſtminſter, between the E. of Warwick, and Edward-Henry Edwards, Eſq; in relation to the eſtate at Holland-Houſe in Middleſex, and Choſely-Farm in Berks, &c. The chief point was, the validity of the marriage of the ſaid Mr. Edwards's Father, with the Lady Betty Rich, ſiſter to the late E. of Warwick: the Tryal laſted ſome hours, when the Jury gave a verdict for Mr. Edwards, confirming his Father's marriage with the ſaid Lady. *D P.* John Edwards, Eſq; Defendant: an eſtate of 4000 l. per ann. After a trial of 5 hours, the Earl of Warwick gave it up. *P.*

The ſame day the Court of King's Bench over-rul'd the motion made by Mr. Francklin's Council, to ſet aſide his Tryal, becauſe the Rule was not, as they ſuggeſted, regularly iſſued; and Mr. Francklin was committed to the King's Bench priſon. *D P.* The Judges cited ſeveral Precedents, that the proceedings were legal. *P.* The Court declared the proceedings were regular, and the verdict good. *D J.*

The ſame morning died, the R. Hon. the Lord Carpenter, an old and experienced Field-Officer, &c. *C. E P. L E.*——Laſt night he lay at the point of death. *P.*

We hear that Col. Paget will be made Governor of Barbadoes in the room of Walter Chetwynd, Eſp; *S J.* —— The Hon. Col. Paget, &c. *D J. Feb.* 9. The Hon. Charles Cathcart, Eſq; *D P. Feb.* 9.

Laſt thurſday Col. Reynolds of the 3d Regiment of Foot-Guards was married to Miſs Duncombe, only Daughter of Col. Duncombe, of the 1ſt Regiment. *S J.*

WEDNESDAY, *Feb.* 9.

Yeſternay Mr. Richard Francklin was brought up to the King's Bench Bar at Weſtminſter; when his Council moved in Arreſt of Judgment, 1ſt, That the return of the Jury from the Sheriff was not regular, by reaſon he returned but 24, when by Act of Parliament he ſhould have returned 48, to be ballotted for. 2dly, That on this account the *Poſtea* was not regularly entered; and that the Defendant ſhould have another Tryal. But the King's Counſel made anſwer, that thoſe objections were of no weight; for that the Act of Parliament for regulating of Juries left that open, and as it was the practice in common Law to return 24 Jurors only, the return was regular from the Sheriff, and the *Poſtea* enter'd regularly. After many learned arguments on both ſides, the Court was of the ſame opinion with the King's Counſel; ſo Mr. Francklin's Motion was over-ruled. *P.* —— The chief point inſiſted on was, That by the late Act, all Juries were to be choſen by ballottiug, except on a motion a Special Jury was granted; and that as he was try'd by a Special Jury, it ought ſo to have been ſpecify'd on the back of the Record, and that it was according to the form of the Statute. *D P.* —— After this, Mr. Attorney General moved the Court, that a day might be appointed to give judgment againſt the ſaid Mr. Francklin; and the Court was pleas'd to appoint Saturday next for the ſame, it being the laſt day of Term. *P.*

On Monday died the R. Hon. George Carpenter, Baron Carpenter &c. *D P.* —— His Lordſhip is in a better ſtate of health than he has been for ſome time paſt. *D J.* In a fair way of recovery, and takes the air every day. *C. P.*

Laſt week died John Reynolds, Eſq; a Gentleman of a very plentiful eſtate in the Biſhoprick of Durham. *P.*

From the PEGASUS *in Grub-ſtreet.*

Dear BAVY,

A military Author of a late damn'd Dramatick performance, is continually complaining of the injuſtice of the Town; but what more particularly affects him is, the hard uſage he has met from your illuſtrious Society. Even you, who ought to have eſpous'd the Cauſe of an oppreſs'd Brother, have, like a profeſs'd enemy, publiſh'd ſome things to his diſadvantage. If you go on thus, you have not the good of your Community at heart; for you'll hinder ſeveral military Heroes from inliſting themſelves into your Society, who might defend the Members of it againſt all oppoſition, by force of arms; which is a ſtronger, and therefore a better argument, than can be produced in your *Journal*. If upon mature deliberation you ſhall think fit to conſult the intereſt of your Society, and to alter your conduct; I myſelf will write a Play againſt the latter end of this month; and contemn all Critics, aided by your *Journal*, and a file of Grenadiers.

S. James's Coffee-House, Feb. 2*d.*

I am yours eternally,
TIM. COCKADE.

At the late Trial of Mr. PETER NOAKES for the murder of Mr. WILLIAM TURNER; that celebrated Actor Mr. WILLIAM PENKETHMAN was produced as a witneſs in favour of the Priſoner. On which tragical occaſion, he delivered his teſtimony in a moſt ſurprizingly proper manner; performing at once the parts of a good Witneſs, a good Actor, and a good Poet, —— To relate the common occurrences of life in the lofty ſtrains of Poetry, is extremely difficult; but to do this extempore, is really wonderful. To *act* a *part* well at the *Theatre* in the Old Baily; before ſuch ſevere *Judges*, and ſo numerous and polite an *Audience*, and to *come off* with applauſe, is a very great thing: but it it ſtill greater, to bring off a Friend. —As all theſe circumſtances concur to raiſe Mr. PENKETHMAN's reputation; the Society is ſorry to obſerve, that our learned Brother the Hiſtoriographer of the Old Baily has not done him juſtice; having printed that fine ſpeech of his in a proſaic manner, which is moſt ſublime blank verſe. As ſuch it is therefore here republiſhed, in a poetical manner, but without the change of one word; in order to tranſmit to poſterity an illuſtrious *evidence* of a great genius for Poetry, and of a great act of Friendſhip.

On thurſday night, or rather friday morning,
'Twixt two and three, the Priſoner and Deceaſed,
Rack punch were drinking at the Rummer Tavern
In Drury-Lane —— for then I found 'em there,
And ſociable they ſeem'd, and drank, and talk'd
Like friends, 'till watchmen cry'd, *Paſt four a clock.*
The reckoning was a crown, NOAKES paid it all.
From thence we rambled to King's Coffee-houſe,
In Covent-Garden. Ale and orange there
We drank: and ſtill they cordial friends appear'd. ——
They told me, that they had been ſerenading
Some Ladies, but they did not tell me who.
And what (ſaid they) is your opinion, Sir,
Of ſuch Diverſion? I aſſur'd 'em that
I was not fond of catterwauling frolicks.
At five I left 'em, and return'd at ſix,
And found 'em ſtill together very friendly.
'Twas after ſeven when the Deceas'd aroſe,
And aſk'd the Priſoner if he would go with him.
But he refus'd to go: then the Deceaſed
Bade him Good morrow, and went out alone.
No, Sir, I did not take him to be mad,
Bnt rather thought he was a little ſilly.
For he would laugh at every thing that paſs'd,
At every word was ſpoke, tho' nothing merry,
Not fit to raiſe a ſmile; the meereſt trifle
Imaginable wou'd ſet him on the twitter. ——
When he was gone, I importun'd the Priſoner
To croſs the water, with me, and two more,
Who were in company, to ſpend the day
In merriment, (for I had then no knowledge,
That I ſhould at the Theatre be wanted)
The Priſoner gave conſent, we all agreed,
And down Southampton-ſtreet we took our way:
A ſervant to the Theatre by chance
We met; his buſineſs was at Tavern doors,
And City gates the Play-houſe Bills to fix.
I view'd his Bills, and found, that very night
A Part appointed was for me to act,
In *Th' Amorous Widow, or the Wanton Wife*;
And by His Royal Highneſſes command.
Our journey then was ſtopp'd; and to the Rummer
In Drury-Lane we all return'd at nine;
But did not tarry, for they had no fire.
We to the Play-houſe went, and breakfaſted,
And after ten we parted.

FOREIGN NEWS.

THURSDAY, *Feb.* 3.

This day arrived the Mails from France *and* Flanders.

Hambourgh, Feb. 1. 'Tis generally reported, that the D. of Mecklembourg has reſolved to embrace the Roman Catholick religion. Private letters aſſure us, that the Prince Royal of Pruſſia has, at length, conſented to marry the Princeſs of Mecklenbourg, and will thereupon have the ſucceſſion of the Ruſſian Empire ſettled on him. *L E.* — *It is ſtrange, his* Royal Highneſs *ſhould be* long *in* conſenting *to accept of a* beautiful Princeſs, *and an* Imperial Crown.

FRIDAY, *Feb.* 4.

Vienna, Jan. 26. On the 22d an expreſs arrived from M. Tahiman, Imperial Reſident at Conſtantinople, with advice that the Ottoman Porte ſhews no manner of inclination to a rupture with his Imperial Majeſty, nor can his Excellency find the leaſt room to ſuſpect their deſigns. *D P.*

SATURDAY, *Feb.* 5.

Conſtantinople, Dec. 12. Gianum Coggia, who was ſent for home to reſume the office of Capt. Baſhaw, or High Admiral, declined to return; making it his requeſt, that he might be permitted to end his days in retirement, for that he was incapacitated by his great age to diſcharge that truſt as he ought. *P.* —— Coggia *declined this preferment, not becauſe he thought* his age *too* great, *but that it might be* greater.

Frankfort, Feb. 3. We ſee here the following diſtich,

Ripperda & Bonneval, numquid par nobile fratrum?
Unus enim, Turca eſt, Barbarus alter erit.

Milan, Jan. 19. Notwithſtanding the departure of ſeveral Regiments of Horſe for Tranſylvania, 'tis computed no leſs than 20,000 men ſtill remain in this State and the Dutchy of Mantua. *D P.*

Laſt night arrived the Mail from Holland.

Amſterdam, Feb. 12. Letters from Conſtantinople, dated Nov. 1. bring certain advice, that the Perſian army, commanded by Prince Thamas, and the Ottoman army, commanded by Achmet Paſcha, Governor of Babylon, had come to a general engagement, which laſted 7 hours, 2 hours in firing, and the other 5 ſword in hand; in the iſſue whereof the Turks gained a complete victory, took moſt of their baggage, and among other things, the Royal ornaments of the young Sophy, and 30 pieces of heavy braſs cannon: a great part of the Perſian Infantry were killed on the ſpot, and the young Monarch narrowly eſcaped. This important action was ſucceeded by the taking of Hamadan, and 100 pieces of cannon therein, 70 whereof were left there when taken by the Perſians, and 30 added by them. *D J.*

MONDAY, *Feb.* 7.

Hague, Feb. 1. N. S. At laſt the States of Holland acceded to the Treaty of Vienna on friday laſt, and the next day their reſolution was communicated to the aſſembly of the States General. *P.*

Extract of our private advices from Vienna. —— It is generally believed here, that France is preparing in good earneſt for a war; and that in order to embarraſs the Emperor as much as poſſible, ſhe has engaged the Porte to declare againſt ſome Chriſtian Princes. —— The Imperial forces both by ſea and land are going to be put upon the foot of the augmentation projected ſome time ago: nay, ſome ſay, there will be 4 or 5 men added to every Troop of Horſe, and every Company of Foot. All theſe preparations, and the keeping up of armies here, in France, in Spain, in England, and in ſhort, in almoſt all parts of Chriſtendom, do they certainly portend Peace? *P.*

Parma, Jan. 19. M. Oddi, as Apoſtolick Commiſſary, has proteſted againſt the taking poſſeſſion of the Dutchies of Parma and Placentia, by Don Carlos's Guardians. *C.*

Books and Pamphlets publiſhed ſince Jan. 26.

Jan. 27. Fabulæ Æſopi ſelectæ, with an Engliſh Tranſlation. By H. Clarke.

Royal Genealogies, &c. By James Anderſon, D. D.

An Epiſtle to Mr. Pope. Pr. 6d.

The Honourable Lovers: or 2d Volume of Pylades and Corinna, &c. Pr. 5 s.

A Treatiſe of the ſuffocation of the matrix, &c. Pr. 6d.

28. Milton reſtored, and Bentley depoſed, &c. *Grub.*

29. A Collection of Pieces in verſe and proſe, publiſhed on occaſion of the Dunciad. By Mr. Savage.

The Proceedings at the Seſſions at the Old Baily: 2d Part. Pr. 6d.

A Letter to a Member of Parliament, concerning the reduction of intereſt. Pr. 4d.

The Craftſman's Apology: being a vindication of his conduct and writings. In ſeveral Letters to the King. Pr. 6 d. *Printed in* 5 *Courants.*

31. The preſent State of Europe, &c. for December.

A Deſcription of the Peritonæum, &c. by James Douglaſs, Phyſician in extraordinary to Her Majeſty, &c.

A Vindication of Mr. Nation's Sermon &c. Pr. 6 d.

Feb. 1. Malice Detected: a Paſtoral Eſſay. Pr. 2 d.

Free-thinking proved Atheiſm, &c. Pr. 1 s. 6 d.

A Review of the Text of Milton's Paradiſe Loſt. Part I. Pr. 2 s.

Philoſophical Tranſactions No. 420, for Auguſt and September.

The Occaſional Monitor. Part II.

The way to be wiſe and wealthy, &c.

2. A true ſtate of the South-Sea ſcheme, &c.

3. An Addreſs to the Proprietors of the South Sea Capital, &c. Pr. 1 s.

A true ſtate of the South Sea ſcheme, as firſt form'd, &c.

The Pall-Mall Miſcellany, &c. Pr. 1 s.

4. The Quack's Miſcellany, &c. Pr. 1 s.

5. Sermon before the Hon. Houſe of Commons, Jan. 31. By Alured Clarke, D. D.

The Engliſh Lawyer, &c. By Will. Bohun, Eſq;

A Reply to the Defence of the Letter to Dr. Waterland.

Eccleſiaſtical Memoirs of the firſt 6 Centuries, &c. By M. de Tillemont, No. II. Pr. 2 s. 6 d.

On Tuesday Stocks were

South Sea Stock 100 1 8th, 100 1 qr. 100. South Sea Annuity 110 3 8ths. Bank 149 7 8ths. New Bank Circulation 6 l. 15 s. Premium. India 178 1 8th. Three per Cent. Annuity 97 3 qrs. New 3 per Cent. Annuity 97 1 8th, to 1 qr. Royal Exchange Assurance 99. London Assurance 13 1 qr. to 3 8ths. York Buildings 19. African 46. English Copper 2 l. 10 s. Welch ditto 1 l. 15 s. South Sea Bonds 2 l. 12 s. Premium. India ditto 5 l. 13 s. ditto. Blanks 7 l. 7 s. 6 d. 20 l. Prizes 19 l. 13 s. 6 d.

ADVERTISEMENTS.

For the BENEFIT of
Mr. *JOHN HEBDEN*,
At Stationers Hall on Friday the 3d Day of March, 1732.

WILL be a Grand CONCERT of Vocal and Instrumental MUSICK by the beſt Maſters. To begin exactly at Seven o' Clock.

N. B. TICKETS to be had at Will's Coffee-Houſe, near the Royal Exchange; the George and Vulture Tavern in Cornhill; the Rummer Tavern in S. Mary's Church-yard, Southwark; the Caſtle Tavern and Gregg's Coffee Houſe, both in Pater-Noſter-Row, at Five Shillings each.

Publick Notice is hereby given,

[*For the Information of all* GENTLEMEN *and* LADIES]

THAT *Charles Lyon, Grecian*, Maker of the JERUSALEM WASHBALLS, otherwiſe called GRECIAN WASHBALLS, ſo univerſally eſteem'd by all the Quality, who, for many Years, have made uſe of no other, being removed from Ironmonger-Lane, where he had carried on his Buſineſs about 40 years, to the Houſe of *Edward Hubbard*, over againſt Serjeant's-Inn, Chancery-Lane, where they may at any Time be furniſhed therewith, by ſending a Letter to the ſaid *Edward Hubbard*, who has, for ten Years paſt, aſſiſted Mr. *Lyon* in making them, being the only Perſon intruſted with the true Method of preparing them, and to whom alone the Receipt will be communicated upon the Deceaſe of the ſaid Mr. *Lyon*.

N. B. At the following Places is ſold an incomparable Tooth-Powder, which makes the Teeth as white as Ivory, and preſerves them from Rotting or Decaying. It effectually cures the Scurvy in the Gums. Price one Shilling each Box.

Alſo a delicate Lip-Salve, that cures any rough and chopp'd Lips, and makes them of a fine lively red. Price one Shilling each Pot, viz. Cocoa-Tree Chocolate-Houſe, Pall-Mall; Will's Coffee-Houſe, Scotland-Yard, Charing-Croſs; Guildhall Coffee-Houſe, by Guildhall; Sword-Blade Coffee-Houſe, Birchin-Lane; and the Eaſt-India Coffee-Houſe, Leadenhall-Street.

Feb. 4. **was publiſhed**, Price 6 d. ſmall Paper; the fine Royal Paper, Margin open'd, 1 s.

THE GENTLEMAN's MAGAZINE: Or, *Monthly Intelligencer*.

No. XIII. for January 1731.

Containing more in Quantity, and greater Variety, than any Book of the Kind and Price.

I. A View of the Weekly Eſſays, viz. a Vindication of Mankind; the Religion of Philoſophers; Deiſt's Creed; Coffee-houſe Savages; Sir Wm. Paget's New-year's Gift; Conjugal Love; Mr. Pope's Epiſtle on Taſte cenſur'd and defended; Fooliſh Fondneſs; Love and Grandeur; the Laureat's pretenſions canvaſs'd; Female Heroiſm; Leſſons of Morality; of the Stage; Love of Fame; Remarks on Dr. Bentley's Edition of Milton; on Authors; Rules for Courtſhip; of Immortality.

II. Political Points, viz. On the Jury-Act; Severities in B———ke's Adminiſtration; the Craftſman's Hague Letter with Remarks; the King's Speech; of publick Credit, Monopolies, &c. Affidavits about S. Sea private Trade; Charitable Corporation Accounts; on the Pragmatick Sanction; Sheriff's Act eluded; a Scheme to pay the publick Debts; political Charity; K. Charles II. vindicated; the Form of an Oath propoſed to be taken by Popiſh Prieſts to his Majeſty.

III. Poetry, viz. Ode for New-year's Day burleſqued; tranſlated into Engliſh; the Laureat's Anſwer; Keyberian manner; C——r preferr'd to P—pe.

IV. Domeſtic Occurrences, &c.

V. Prices of Goods, Grain, Stocks.

VI. Foreign Affairs.

VII. Books and Pamphlets.

VIII. A Table of Contents.

Printed and ſold at St. John's Gate; and by E. Jeffries in Ludgate-ſtreet. *Where may be had, the former Numbers.* Alſo

An exact LIST of the preſent Parliament, with the Places of their Abode in Town, &c.

This Day is publiſhed,
Beautifully Printed in Octavo,

PHILOSOPHICAL CONVERSATIONS: Or, a new Syſtem of Phyſics, by way of Dialogue, with 89 Copper Plates. Written in French by Father *Reginault*, of the Society of Jeſus. Tranſlated into Engliſh, and illuſtrated with Notes by *Tho. Dale*, M. D. in 3 Vols. — N. B. The Deſign of this Author is like that of Monſ. *Fontenelle*, in his Plurality of Worlds, to render Natural Philoſophy no leſs plain to the meaneſt Readers, than entertaining to the brighteſt: At the ſame time his Reaſoning is founded upon ſuch Experiments as have imploy'd the Speculation of the greateſt Philoſophers in different Countries, that this laſt age has produced; particularly upon thoſe in the German Ephemerides, the French Journals, and the Royal Academy of Sciences. Printed for W. Innys, in St. Paul's Church-Yard; C. Davis, at the Corner of Pater-Noſter-Row; and N. Prevoſt, againſt Southampton-Street in the Strand.

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